WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT DATA PRIVACY AGREEMENT

West Irondequoit Central School District

and

ExploreLearning, LLC

This Data Privacy Agreement ("DPA") is by and between the West Irondequoit Central School District ("EA"), an Educational Agency, and <u>ExploreLearning</u>, <u>LLC</u> ("Contractor"), collectively, the "Parties".

ARTICLE I: DEFINITIONS

As used in this DPA, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- 1. Breach: The unauthorized acquisition, access, use, or disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information in a manner not permitted by State and federal laws, rules and regulations, or in a manner which compromises its security or privacy, or by or to a person not authorized to acquire, access, use, or receive it, or a Breach of Contractor's security that leads to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorized disclosure of, or access to Personally Identifiable Information.
- 2. Commercial or Marketing Purpose: means the sale, use or disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information for purposes of receiving remuneration, whether directly or indirectly; the sale, use or disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information for advertising purposes; or the sale, use or disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information to develop, improve or market products or services to students.
- **3. Disclose**: To permit access to, or the release, transfer, or other communication of personally identifiable information by any means, including oral, written or electronic, whether intended or unintended.
- **4. Education Record:** An education record as defined in the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act and its implementing regulations, 20 U.S.C. 1232g and 34 C.F.R. Part 99, respectively.
- **5. Educational Agency**: As defined in Education Law 2-d, a school district, board of cooperative educational services, school, charter school, or the New York State Education Department.
- **6. Eligible Student:** A student who is eighteen years of age or older.
- **7. Encrypt or Encryption**: As defined in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Security Rule at 45 CFR 164.304, means the use of an algorithmic process to transform Personally Identifiable Information into an unusable, unreadable, or indecipherable form in which there is a low probability of assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or key.

- **8. NIST Cybersecurity Framework**: The U.S. Department of Commerce National Institute for Standards and Technology Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity Version 1.1.
- 9. Parent: A parent, legal guardian or person in parental relation to the Student.
- **10. Personally Identifiable Information (PII):** Means personally identifiable information as defined in section 99.3 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations implementing the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C 1232g , and Teacher or Principal APPR Data, as defined below.
- 11. Release: Shall have the same meaning as Disclose.
- **12. School:** Any public elementary or secondary school including a charter school, universal pre-kindergarten program authorized pursuant to Education Law § 3602-e, an approved provider of preschool special education, any other publicly funded pre-kindergarten program, a school serving children in a special act school district as defined in Education Law § 4001, an approved private school for the education of students with disabilities, a State-supported school subject to the provisions of Article 85 of the Education Law, or a State-operated school subject to the provisions of Articles 87 or 88 of the Education Law.
- 13. Student: Any person attending or seeking to enroll in an Educational Agency.
- **14. Student Data:** Personally identifiable information as defined in section 99.3 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations implementing the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C 1232g.
- **15. Subcontractor:** Contractor's non-employee agents, consultants and/or subcontractors engaged in the provision of services pursuant to the Service Agreement.
- **16. Teacher or Principal APPR Data**: Personally Identifiable Information from the records of an Educational Agency relating to the annual professional performance reviews of classroom teachers or principals that is confidential and not subject to release under the provisions of Education Law §§ 3012-c and 3012-d.

ARTICLE II: PRIVACY AND SECURITY OF PIL

1. Compliance with Law.

In order for Contractor to provide certain services ("Services") to the EA pursuant to a contract dated [June 17, 2021] ("Service Agreement"); Contractor may receive PII regulated by several New York and federal laws and regulations, among them, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA") at 12 U.S.C. 1232g (34 CFR Part 99); Children's Online Privacy Protection Act ("COPPA") at 15 U.S.C. 6501-6502 (16 CFR Part 312); Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment ("PPRA") at 20 U.S.C. 1232h (34 CFR Part 98); the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA") at 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq. (34 CFR Part 300); New York Education Law Section 2-d; and the Commissioner of Education's Regulations at 8 NYCRR Part 121. The Parties enter this DPA to address the requirements of New

York law. Contractor agrees to maintain the confidentiality and security of PII in accordance with applicable New York, federal and local laws, rules and regulations.

2. Authorized Use.

Contractor has no property or licensing rights or claims of ownership to PII, and Contractor must not use PII for any purpose other than to provide the Services set forth in the Service Agreement.

Neither the Services provided nor the manner in which such Services are provided shall violate New York law.

3. Data Security and Privacy Plan.

Contractor shall adopt and maintain administrative, technical and physical safeguards, measures and controls to manage privacy and security risks and protect PII in a manner that complies with New York State, federal and local laws and regulations and the EA's policies. Education Law Section 2-d requires that Contractor provide the EA with a Data Privacy and Security Plan that outlines such safeguards, measures and controls including how the Contractor will implement all applicable state, federal and local data security and privacy requirements. Contractor's Data Security and Privacy Plan is attached to this DPA as Exhibit C.

4. EA's Data Security and Privacy Policy

State law and regulation requires the EA to adopt a data security and privacy policy that complies with Part 121 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education and aligns with the NIST Cyber Security Framework. Contractor shall comply with the EA's data security and privacy policy and other applicable policies.

5. Right of Review and Audit.

Upon request by the EA, Contractor shall provide the EA with copies of its policies and related procedures that pertain to the protection of PII. It may be made available in a form that does not violate Contractor's own information security policies, confidentiality obligations, and applicable laws. In addition, Contractor may be required to undergo an audit of its privacy and security safeguards, measures and controls as it pertains to alignment with the requirements of New York State laws and regulations, the EA's policies applicable to Contractor, and alignment with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework performed by an independent third party at Contractor's expense, and provide the audit report to the EA. Contractor may provide the EA with a recent industry standard independent audit report on Contractor's privacy and security practices as an alternative to undergoing an audit.

6. Contractor's Employees and Subcontractors.

- (a) Contractor shall only disclose PII to Contractor's employees and subcontractors who need to know the PII in order to provide the Services and the disclosure of PII shall be limited to the extent necessary to provide such Services. Contractor shall ensure that all such employees and subcontractors comply with the terms of this DPA.
- (b) Contractor must ensure that each subcontractor performing functions pursuant to the Service Agreement where the subcontractor will receive or have access to PII is contractually bound by a written agreement that includes confidentiality and data security obligations equivalent to, consistent with, and no less protective than, those found in this DPA.
- (c) Contractor shall examine the data security and privacy measures of its subcontractors prior to utilizing the subcontractor. If at any point a subcontractor fails to materially comply with the requirements of this DPA, Contractor shall: notify the EA and remove such subcontractor's access to PII; and, as applicable, retrieve all PII received or stored by such subcontractor and/or ensure that PII has been securely deleted and destroyed in accordance with this DPA. In the event there is an incident in which the subcontractor compromises PII, Contractor shall follow the Data Breach reporting requirements set forth herein.
- (d) Contractor shall take full responsibility for the acts and omissions of its employees and subcontractors.
- (e) Contractor must not disclose PII to any other party unless such disclosure is required by statute, court order or subpoena, and the Contractor makes a reasonable effort to notify the EA of the court order or subpoena in advance of compliance but in any case, provides notice to the EA no later than the time the PII is disclosed, unless such disclosure to the EA is expressly prohibited by the statute, court order or subpoena.

7. Training.

Contactor shall ensure that all its employees and Subcontractors who have access to PII have received or will receive training on the federal and state laws governing confidentiality of such data prior to receiving access.

8. Termination

The obligations of this DPA shall continue and shall not terminate for as long as the Contractor or its sub-contractors retain PII or retain access to PII.

9. Data Return and Destruction of Data.

- (a) Protecting PII from unauthorized access and disclosure is of the utmost importance to the EA, and Contractor agrees that it is prohibited from retaining PII or continued access to PII or any copy, summary or extract of PII, on any storage medium (including, without limitation, in secure data centers and/or cloud-based facilities) whatsoever beyond the period of providing Services to the EA, unless such retention is either expressly authorized for a prescribed period by the Service Agreement or other written agreement between the Parties, or expressly requested by the EA for purposes of facilitating the transfer of PII to the EA or expressly required by law. As applicable, upon expiration or termination of the Service Agreement, Contractor shall transfer PII, in a format agreed to by the Parties to the EA.
- (b) If applicable, once the transfer of PII has been accomplished in accordance with the EA's written election to do so, Contractor agrees to return or destroy all PII when the purpose that necessitated its receipt by Contractor has been completed. Thereafter, with regard to all PII (including without limitation, all hard copies, archived copies, electronic versions, electronic imaging of hard copies) as well as any and all PII maintained on behalf of Contractor in a secure data center and/or cloud-based facilities that remain in the possession of Contractor or its Subcontractors, Contractor shall ensure that PII is securely deleted and/or destroyed in a manner that does not allow it to be retrieved or retrievable, read or reconstructed. Hard copy media must be shredded or destroyed such that PII cannot be read or otherwise reconstructed, and electronic media must be cleared, purged, or destroyed such that the PII cannot be retrieved. Only the destruction of paper PII, and not redaction, will satisfy the requirements for data destruction.
 Redaction is specifically excluded as a means of data destruction.
- (c) Contractor shall provide the EA with a written certification of the secure deletion and/or destruction of PII held by the Contractor or Subcontractors.
- (d) To the extent that Contractor and/or its subcontractors continue to be in possession of any de-identified data (i.e., data that has had all direct and indirect identifiers removed), they agree not to attempt to re-identify de-identified data and not to transfer de-identified data to any party.

10. Commercial or Marketing Use Prohibition.

Contractor agrees that it will not sell PII or use or disclose PII for a Commercial or Marketing Purpose.

11. Encryption.

Contractor shall use industry standard security measures including encryption protocols that comply with New York law and regulations to preserve and protect PII. Contractor must encrypt PII at rest and in transit in accordance with applicable New York laws and regulations.

12. Breach.

- (a) Contractor shall promptly notify the EA of any Breach of PII without unreasonable delay no later than seven (7) calendar days after discovery of the Breach.

 Notifications required pursuant to this section must be in writing, given by personal delivery, e-mail transmission (if contact information is provided for the specific mode of delivery), or by registered or certified, and must to the extent available, include a description of the Breach which includes the date of the incident and the date of discovery; the types of PII affected and the number of records affected; a description of Contractor's investigation; and the contact information for representatives who can assist the EA. Notifications required by this section must be sent to the EA's District Superintendent or other head administrator with a copy to the Data Protection Office. Violations of the requirement to notify the EA shall be subject to a civil penalty pursuant to Education Law Section 2-d. The Breach of certain PII protected by Education Law Section 2-d may subject the Contractor to additional penalties.
- (b) Notifications required under this paragraph must be provided to the EA at the following address:

Dan Fullerton

K-12 Director of Technology and Data Protection Officer

Evans & McGraw Learning Center

45 Cooper Road

Rochester, NY 14617

Dan fullerton@westiron.monroe.edu

13. Cooperation with Investigations.

Contractor agrees that it will cooperate with the EA and law enforcement, where necessary, in any investigations into a Breach. Any costs incidental to the required cooperation or participation of the Contractor or its' Authorized Users, as related to such investigations, will be the sole responsibility of the Contractor if such Breach is attributable to Contractor or its Subcontractors.

14. Notification to Individuals.

Where a Breach of PII occurs that is attributable to Contractor, Contractor shall pay for or promptly reimburse the EA for the full cost of the EA's notification to Parents, Eligible Students, teachers, and/or principals, in accordance with Education Law Section 2-d and 8 NYCRR Part 121.

15. Termination.

The confidentiality and data security obligations of the Contractor under this DPA shall survive any termination of this DPA but shall terminate upon Contractor's certifying that it has destroyed all PII.

ARTICLE III: PARENT AND ELIGIBLE STUDENT PROVISIONS

1. Parent and Eligible Student Access.

Education Law Section 2-d and FERPA provide Parents and Eligible Students the right to inspect and review their child's or the Eligible Student's Student Data stored or maintained by the EA. To the extent Student Data is held by Contractor pursuant to the Service Agreement, Contractor shall respond within thirty (30) calendar days to the EA's requests for access to Student Data so the EA can facilitate such review by a Parent or Eligible Student, and facilitate corrections, as necessary. If a Parent or Eligible Student contacts Contractor directly to review any of the Student Data held by Contractor pursuant to the Service Agreement, Contractor shall promptly notify the EA and refer the Parent or Eligible Student to the EA.

2. Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security.

As required by Education Law Section 2-d, the Parents Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security and the supplemental information for the Service Agreement are included as Exhibit A and Exhibit B, respectively, and incorporated into this DPA. Contractor shall complete and sign Exhibit B and append it to this DPA. Pursuant to Education Law Section 2-d, the EA is required to post the completed Exhibit B on its website.

ARTICLE IV: MISCELLANEOUS

1. Priority of Agreements and Precedence.

In the event of a conflict between and among the terms and conditions of this DPA, including all Exhibits attached hereto and incorporated herein and the Service Agreement, the terms and conditions of this DPA shall govern and prevail, shall survive the termination of the Service Agreement in the manner set forth herein, and shall supersede all prior communications, representations, or agreements, oral or written, by the Parties relating thereto.

2. Execution.

This DPA may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same document, as if all parties had executed a single original document, and may be executed utilizing an electronic signature and/ or electronic transmittal, and each signature thereto shall be and constitute an original signature, as if all parties had executed a single original document.

EDUCATIONAL AGENCY	CONTRACTOR
BY: Dan Fullet	BY: Julia M. Given
Dan Fullerton	Julia M Given
K-12 Director of Technology	VP Finance
Date: 6/21/21	Date: 6/18/21

EXHIBIT A - Education Law §2-d Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security

The West Irondequoit Central School District is committed to protecting the privacy and security of student data and teacher and principal data. In accordance with New York Education Law Section 2-d and its implementing regulations, the District informs the school community that parents and eligible students¹ can expect the following:

- 1. A student's personally identifiable information (PII)² cannot be sold or released for any commercial purpose.
- 2. The right to inspect and review the complete contents of their student's education record stored or maintained by an educational agency.
- 3. State and federal laws,³ such as NYS Education Law §2-d and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, that protect the confidentiality of a student's PII, and safeguards associated with industry standards and best practices, including but not limited to, encryption, firewalls, and password protection, must be in place when data is stored or transferred.
- 4. A complete list of all student data elements collected by NYSED is available for public review at www.nysed.gov/data-privacy-security, and by writing to: Chief Privacy Officer, New York State Education Department, 89 Washington Avenue, Albany, NY 12234.
- 5. The right to have complaints about possible breaches and unauthorized disclosures of student data addressed. Complaints may be submitted to NYSED online at www.nysed.gov/data-privacy-security, by mail to: Chief Privacy Officer, New York State Education Department, 89 Washington Avenue, Albany, New York 12234, by e-mail to privacy@nysed.gov, or by telephone at 518-474-0937.
- 6. To be notified in accordance with applicable laws and regulations if a breach or unauthorized release of their student's PII occurs.
- 7. Educational agency workers that handle PII will receive training on applicable state and federal laws, the educational agency's policies, and safeguards associated with industry standards and best practices that protect PII.
- 8. Educational agency contracts with vendors that receive PII will address statutory and regulatory data privacy and security requirements.

¹ "Parent" means a parent, legal guardian, or person in parental relation to a student. These rights may not apply to parents of eligible students defined as a student eighteen years or old. "Eligible Student" means a student 18 years and older.

² "Personally identifiable information," as applied to student data, means personally identifiable information as defined in section 99.3 of title thirty-four of the code of federal regulations implementing the family educational rights and privacy act, section twelve hundred thirty-two-g of title twenty of the United States code, and, as applied to teacher or principal data, means "personally identifying information" as such term is used in subdivision ten of section three thousand twelve-c of this chapter.

³ Information about other state and federal laws that protect student data such as the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment, and NY's Personal Privacy Protection Law can be found at www.nysed.gov/data-privacy-security.

APPENDIX

Supplemental Information Regarding Third-Party Contractors

In the course of complying with its obligations under the law and providing educational services to District residents, the Wests Irondequoit Central School District has entered into agreements with certain third-party contractors. Pursuant to these agreements, third-party contractors may have access to "student data" and/or "teacher or principal data," as those terms are defined by law and regulation.

For each contract or other written agreement that the District enters into with a third-party contractor where the third-party contractor receives student data or teacher or principal data from the District, the following supplemental information will be included with this Bill of Rights:

- 1. The exclusive purposes for which the student data or teacher or principal data will be used by the third-party contractor, as defined in the contract;
- How the third-party contractor will ensure that the subcontractors, or other authorized persons or entities to whom the third-party contractor will disclose the student data or teacher or principal data, if any, will abide by all applicable data protection and security requirements, including but not limited to those outlined in applicable laws and regulations (e.g., FERPA; Education Law Section 2d);
- 3. The duration of the contract, including the contract's expiration date, and a description of what will happen to the student data or teacher or principal data upon expiration of the contract or other written agreement (e.g., whether, when, and in what format it will be returned to the District, and/or whether, when, and how the data will be destroyed);
- 4. If and how a parent, student, eligible student, teacher, or principal may challenge the accuracy of the student data or teacher or principal data that is collected;
- 5. Where the student data or teacher or principal data will be stored, described in a manner as to protect data security, and the security protections taken to ensure the data will be protected and data privacy and security risks mitigated; and
- 6. Address how the data will be protected using encryption while in motion and at rest.

This Bill of Rights is subject to change based on regulations of the Commissioner of Education and the NYSED Chief Privacy Officer. Changes/Additions are also anticipated as NYSED releases further guidance documents.

Supplemental information describing third-party vendors engaged in data sharing and confidentiality agreements with West Irondequoit Central School District can be found at:

https://dpit.riconedpss.org/billofrights/02d9d2af98c045c501f3.

CONTRACTOR	CONTRACTOR	
[Signature]	Julia M. Givien	
[Printed Name]	Julia M Given	
[Title]	VP Finance	
Date:	6/18/21	

EXHIBIT B

BILL OF RIGHTS FOR DATA PRIVACY AND SECURITY -

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR CONTRACTS THAT UTILIZE PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION

Pursuant to Education Law § 2-d and Section 121.3 of the Commissioner's Regulations, the Educational Agency (EA) is required to post information to its website about its contracts with third-party contractors that will receive Personally Identifiable Information (PII).

Name of Contractor	ExploreLearning, LLC	
Description of the purpose(s) for which Contractor will receive/access PII	Product update and enhancement notifications and in a customer service capacity when replying to support inquiries.	
Type of PII that Contractor will receive/access	Check all that apply: ☑ Student PII	
	☐ APPR Data	
Contract Term	Contract Start DateJune 17, 2021 Contract End DateJune 30, 2022	
Subcontractor Written Agreement Requirement	Contractor will not utilize subcontractors without a written contract that requires the subcontractors to adhere to, at a minimum, materially similar data protection obligations imposed on the contractor by state and federal laws and regulations, and the Contract. (check applicable option) Contractor will not utilize subcontractors.	
Data Transition and Secure Destruction	 Upon expiration or termination of the Contract, Contractor shall: Securely transfer data to EA, or a successor contractor at the EA's option and written discretion, in a format agreed to by the parties. Securely delete and destroy data. 	
Challenges to Data Accuracy	Parents, teachers or principals who seek to challenge the accuracy of PII will do so by contacting the EA. If a correction to data is deemed necessary, the EA will notify Contractor. Contractor agrees to facilitate such corrections within 21 days of receiving the EA's written request.	

Secure Storage and Data Security	Please describe where PII will be stored and the protections taken to ensure PII will be protected: (check all that apply) Using a cloud or infrastructure owned and hosted by a third party.
	□ Using Contractor owned and hosted solution
☐ Other:	
	Please describe how data security and privacy risks will be mitigated in a manner that does not compromise the security of the data:
	Privacy Gizmos: https://www.explorelearning.com/index.cfm?method=Controller.dspPrivacy Terms & Conditions Gizmos: https://www.explorelearning.com/index.cfm?method=Controller.dspTerms
Encryption	Data will be encrypted while in motion and at rest.

CONTRACTOR	
[Signature]	Julia M. Givien
[Printed Name]	Julia M Given
[Title]	VP Finance
Date:	6/18/21

EXHIBIT C - CONTRACTOR'S DATA PRIVACY AND SECURITY PLAN

CONTRACTOR'S DATA PRIVACY AND SECURITY PLAN

The Educational Agency (EA) is required to ensure that all contracts with a third-party contractor include a Data Security and Privacy Plan, pursuant to Education Law § 2-d and Section 121.6 of the Commissioner's Regulations. For every contract, the Contractor must complete the following or provide a plan that materially addresses its requirements, including alignment with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework, which is the standard for educational agency data privacy and security policies in New York state. While this plan is not required to be posted to the EA's website, contractors should nevertheless ensure that they do not include information that could compromise the security of their data and data systems.

1	Outline how you will implement applicable data security and privacy contract requirements over the life of the Contract.	Please review our privacy policy - https://www.explorelearning.com/inde x.cfm?method=Controller.dspPrivacy
2	Specify the administrative, operational and technical safeguards and practices that you have in place to protect PII.	Cambium Learning employs application, database, and information controls to protect the system (potentially including the data, the database applications or stored functions, the application and database systems, the application and database servers and the associated network) against compromises of their confidentiality, integrity, and availability. This involves various types of controls that are technical, procedural/administrative and physical. These controls are meant to minimize: The risks of unauthorized or unintended activity or misuse by authorized users, system administrators, network/systems managers, or by unauthorized users (e.g. inappropriate access to sensitive data, metadata or functions within databases, or inappropriate changes to the application or database programs, structures or security configurations) Malware infections causing incidents such as unauthorized access, leakage
		or disclosure of personal or proprietary data, deletion of or damage to the data

		or programs, interruption or denial of authorized access to the database, attacks on other systems and the unanticipated failure of database services ② Overloads, performance constraints and capacity issues resulting in the inability of authorized users to use applications or databases as intended ② Physical damage to application or database servers ② Design flaws and programming bugs in databases and the associated programs and systems, creating various security vulnerabilities (e.g. unauthorized privilege escalation), data loss/corruption, performance degradation etc. ② Data corruption and/or loss caused by the entry of invalid data or
		commands, mistakes in database or system administration processes
3	Address the training received by your employees and any subcontractors engaged in the provision of services under the Contract on the federal and state laws that govern the confidentiality of PII.	Security awareness training is required annually of all employees and contractors, covering FERPA, CCPA, social engineering, work-from-home security, and other topics.
4	Outline contracting processes that ensure that your employees and any subcontractors are bound by written agreement to the requirements of the Contract, at a minimum.	We conduct background checks for all new employees before they are hired and given access to our network. They are required to sign non-disclosure agreements and to read and acknowledge many of our critical policies. Access to systems is formally requested by supervisors and tracked in our IT help desk system. As well, The Company has a formal onboarding and off-boarding procedure where access to database assets is formally granted and revoked respectively; access is only granted to employees/contractors who need

		access to support the online products. The Company provides student data privacy training to all employees and contractors who access our network.
5	Specify how you will manage any data security and privacy incidents that implicate PII and describe any specific plans you have in place to identify breaches and/or unauthorized disclosures, and to meet your obligations to report incidents to the EA.	The outline of our process is 1) verify the data breach, 2) contain and mitigate the data breach, 3) determine scope and composition of data breach, 4) analysis and communication planning, 5) notification, 6) postnotification and breach response review.
6	Describe how data will be transitioned to the EA when no longer needed by you to meet your contractual obligations, if applicable.	Upon written request by the district, ExploreLearning will destroy any student data for districts who no longer participate in an ExploreLearning program. If a district has not used any ExploreLearning product for a period of two years, ExploreLearning will provide written notice that the student data pertaining to their district will be destroyed, unless the district requests the records be kept. Upon destruction, ExploreLearning will provide written verification that the data has been destroyed.
7	Describe your secure destruction practices and how certification will be provided to the EA.	As database equipment is retired, it is provided to a computer recycling company, which destroys any persistent data. Our recycling company provides certificates of destruction. This data destruction is compliant with NIST 800-88.
8	Outline how your data security and privacy program/practices align with the EA's applicable policies.	Please review our privacy policy - https://www.explorelearning.com/inde x.cfm?method=Controller.dspPrivacy
9	Outline how your data security and privacy program/practices materially align with the NIST CSF v1.1 using the Framework chart below.	PLEASE USE TEMPLATE BELOW.

EXHIBIT C.1 – NIST CSF TABLE

The table below will aid the review of a Contractor's Data Privacy and Security Plan. Contractors should complete the Contractor Response sections in the table below to describe how their policies and practices align with each category in the Data Privacy and Security Plan template. To complete these 23 sections, a Contractor may: (i) Demonstrate alignment using the National Cybersecurity Review (NCSR) Maturity Scale of 1-7; (ii) Use a narrative to explain alignment (may reference its applicable policies); and/or (iii) Explain why a certain category may not apply to the transaction contemplated. Further informational references for each category can be found on the NIST website at https://www.nist.gov/cyberframework/new-framework. Please use additional pages if needed.

Function	Category	Contractor Response
	Asset Management (ID.AM): The data, personnel, devices, systems, and facilities that enable the organization to achieve business purposes are identified and managed consistent with their relative importance to organizational objectives and the organization's risk strategy.	Please review our privacy policy - https://www.explorelearning.com/index.cfm?method=Controller.dspPrivacy
	Business Environment (ID.BE): The organization's mission, objectives, stakeholders, and activities are understood and prioritized; this information is used to inform cybersecurity roles, responsibilities, and risk management decisions.	Our company has a clear mission with clear objective and clear organizational responsibilities. We have a part of our company dedicated and focused on cybersecurity and risk management.
IDENTIFY (ID)	Governance (ID.GV): The policies, procedures, and processes to manage and monitor the organization's regulatory, legal, risk, environmental, and operational requirements are understood and inform the management of cybersecurity risk.	Our legal department collaborates closely with other parts of the organization to ensure that all of the company's regulatory requirements are being met. We also have parts of the organization who focus on operational effectiveness. We also have a department who focus on the company's risks relating to cybersecurity and privacy.
	Risk Assessment (ID.RA): The organization understands the cybersecurity risk to organizational operations (including mission, functions, image, or reputation), organizational assets, and individuals.	The company conducts a formal risk assessment annually and creates a risk treatment plan to address any risks which need to be mitigated.
	Risk Management Strategy (ID.RM): The organization's priorities, constraints, risk tolerances, and assumptions are established and used to support operational risk decisions.	The company conducts a formal risk assessment annually and creates a risk treatment plan to address any risks which need to be mitigated.
	Supply Chain Risk Management (ID.SC): The organization's priorities, constraints, risk tolerances, and assumptions are established and used to support risk decisions associated with managing supply chain risk. The organization has established and implemented the	Our key vendors are carefully chosen, and once chosen we purchase all of our assets from these main suppliers.

Function	Category	Contractor Response
	processes to identify, assess and manage supply chain risks.	
	Identity Management, Authentication and Access Control (PR.AC): Access to physical and logical assets and associated facilities is limited to authorized users, processes, and devices, and is managed consistent with the assessed risk of unauthorized access to authorized activities and transactions.	We operate on the principle of least privilege. We also have documented procedures on onboarding and off-boarding employees and contractors who have access to our network and systems. We also have a formal, documented process for granting people access to our various systems. We also hire 3rd party auditors to review and test our access controls annually.
	Awareness and Training (PR.AT): The organization's personnel and partners are provided cybersecurity awareness education and are trained to perform their cybersecurity-related duties and responsibilities consistent with related policies, procedures, and agreements.	We require security awareness training annually for all employees and contractors who have access to our network.
PROTECT	Data Security (PR.DS): Information and records (data) are managed consistent with the organization's risk strategy to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information.	We operate with the least privilege principle. We also has system owners who are responsible for the CIA of their systems.
(PR)	Information Protection Processes and Procedures (PR.IP): Security policies (that address purpose, scope, roles, responsibilities, management commitment, and coordination among organizational entities), processes, and procedures are maintained and used to manage protection of information systems and assets.	We have several policies and procedures to manage the security and privacy of our systems. We also have a formal Information Security and Information Privacy Management System.
	Maintenance (PR.MA): Maintenance and repairs of industrial control and information system components are performed consistent with policies and procedures.	We continuously monitor our network and application operations. We also keep all of our system patched and current.
	Protective Technology (PR.PT): Technical security solutions are managed to ensure the security and resilience of systems and assets, consistent with related policies, procedures, and agreements.	We use 3rd party monitoring services to ensure our systems are available and secure. We also run vulnerability scans throughout our network and on our online products to ensure all known vulnerabilities are addressed.
DETECT (DE)	Anomalies and Events (DE.AE): Anomalous activity is detected and the potential impact of events is understood.	We monitor for denial of service and distributed denial of service attacks.
	Security Continuous Monitoring (DE.CM): The information system and assets are monitored to identify cybersecurity events and verify the effectiveness of protective measures.	We monitor for denial of service and distributed denial of service attacks. We also use email filtering services to help eliminate spam and phishing attacks.
	Detection Processes (DE.DP): Detection processes and procedures are maintained and tested to ensure awareness of anomalous events.	We use 3rd party services to monitor our public IP addresses and access to our online products from several locations throughout the US. We also log all authentication attempts.

Function	Category	Contractor Response
	Response Planning (RS.RP): Response processes and procedures are executed and maintained, to ensure response to detected cybersecurity incidents.	We have policies and procedures to manage security incidents.
	Communications (RS.CO): Response activities are coordinated with internal and external stakeholders (e.g. external support from law enforcement agencies).	We have policies and procedures to manage security incidents and breaches.
RESPOND (RS)	Analysis (RS.AN): Analysis is conducted to ensure effective response and support recovery activities.	Our breach process calls for post mortems to improve our security posture.
	Mitigation (RS.MI): Activities are performed to prevent expansion of an event, mitigate its effects, and resolve the incident.	Our incident response procedures address how to deal with a security event which can include blocking certain IP addresses, taking an endpoint or server off the network, etc.
	Improvements (RS.IM): Organizational response activities are improved by incorporating lessons learned from current and previous detection/response activities.	We do review our incidents and anomalies and strive to learn from them.
RECOVER (RC)	Recovery Planning (RC.RP): Recovery processes and procedures are executed and maintained to ensure restoration of systems or assets affected by cybersecurity incidents.	We do have recovery procedures and technologies like backups to ensure we can successful recover from small and major incidents.
	Improvements (RC.IM): Recovery planning and processes are improved by incorporating lessons learned into future activities.	We do review all required recoveries to determine if improvements need to be made.
	Communications (RC.CO): Restoration activities are coordinated with internal and external parties (e.g. coordinating centers, Internet Service Providers, owners of attacking systems, victims, other CSIRTs, and vendors).	Our incident management process and breach response process call for the close collaboration with all affected stakeholders and appropriate law enforcement agencies.